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SECTIC	SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION						
Pro	Product name		AeroShell Grease 5				
Pro	Product code		001A0063				
Manufacturer or supplier's		deta	ails				
Ма	Manufacturer/Supplier		Shell Canada Products 400 - 4th Avenue S.W Calgary AB T2P 0J4 Canada				
	ephone efax	:	(+1) 8006611600 (+1) 4033848345				
Em ber	ergency telephone num-	:	(US)	hr): 1 (703) 527-3887 or 1 (800) 424-9300): (+1) 613-996-6666; Toll Free: 1-888-CAN-			
Re	commended use of the c	hen	nical and restriction	ons on use			
Re	commended use	:	Mineral grease fo For further details www.shell.com/av	consult the AeroShell Book on			

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

	GHS	Classification
--	-----	----------------

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements

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Precautionary statements	: Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response:
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required

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No precautionary phrases.				

Storage: No precautionary phrases. Disposal: No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used grease may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance name	:	AeroShell Grease 5
Chemical nature	:	A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-extract, according to IP346.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
disodium sebacate	17265-14-4	1 - 3
Alkaryl amine	68608-77-5	1 - 3

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
	When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact	 Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

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Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		of black pust Ingestion ma Local necrosi	culitis signs and symptoms may include formation ules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. y result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. is is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and ge a few hours following injection.		
Protection of first-aiders		appropriate p	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.		
Notes to physician		: Treat sympto	matically.		
		vention and p age and loss Because entr ousness of th determine the anaesthetics can contribut surgical deco eign material	e injection injuries require prompt surgical inter- possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue dam- of function. If wounds are small and do not reflect the seri- ie underlying damage, surgical exploration to e extent of involvement may be necessary. Local or hot soaks should be avoided because they e to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt impression, debridement and evacuation of for- should be performed under general anaesthet- exploration is essential.		

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.	
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.	
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).	

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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	tive eq	al precautions, protec- uipment and emer- procedures	:	Avoid contact wit	h skin and eyes.	
	Environmental precautions		:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.		
	Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		:	•	eading or entering into drains, ditches or riv- I, earth, or other appropriate barriers.	
Additional advice		:	see Chapter 8 of	selection of personal protective equipment this Safety Data Sheet. disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of Sheet.		

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Storage		
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion.

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SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu-		
		late matter)		

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	 The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective

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		Drain down sys nance. Retain drain do subsequent rec Always observe washing hands drinking, and/or protective equip	good personal hygiene measures, such as after handling the material and before eating, smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and ment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ing and footwear that cannot be cleaned.
	onal protective equipr iratory protection	: No respiratory p conditions of us In accordance w tions should be If engineering c tions to a level select respirato cific conditions Check with resp Where air-filteri priate combinat Select a filter su	with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- taken to avoid breathing of material. ontrols do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ry protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. biratory protective equipment suppliers. ng respirators are suitable, select an appro- ion of mask and filter. uitable for the combination of organic gases d particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
	protection marks	gloves approve US: F739) mad suitable chemic gloves Suitabilit usage, e.g. freq sistance of glov glove suppliers. Personal hygier Gloves must on gloves, hands s cation of a non- For continuous through time of 480 minutes wh short-term/splas recognize that s may not be ava time maybe acc and replacement a good predicto dependent on th	ntact with the product may occur the use of d to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, e from the following materials may provide al protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber ty and durability of a glove is dependent on juency and duration of contact, chemical re- re material, dexterity. Always seek advice from Contaminated gloves should be replaced. The is a key element of effective hand care. If y be worn on clean hands. After using should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- perfumed moisturizer is recommended. contact we recommend gloves with break- more than 240 minutes with preference for > there suitable gloves can be identified. For sh protection we recommend the same but suitable gloves offering this level of protection ilable and in this case a lower breakthrough exptable so long as appropriate maintenance int regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not r of glove resistance to a chemical as it is the exact composition of the glove material. a should be typically greater than 0.35 mm

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		depending on the glove make and model.	
Ey	ye protection	: If material is handled such that it could be splashed into exprotective eyewear is recommended.	yes,
SI	kin and body protection	 Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves. 	
Tł	nermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Pi	rotective measures	: Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- mended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.	
E	nvironmental exposure of	ontrols	
G	eneral advice	 Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of revant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air contain vapour. 	ation If a
SECTI	ON 9. PHYSICAL AND C	IEMICAL PROPERTIES	
A	opearance	: Semi-solid at room temperature.	
C	olour	: amber	
0	dour	: Slight hydrocarbon	
0	dour Threshold	: Data not available	
pł	4	: Not applicable	
D	ropping point	: >= 260 °C / >= 500 °F Method: Unspecified	
М	elting / freezing point	Not applicable	

: Data not available

: Method: ASTM D92 (COC) Not applicable

range

Flash point

Initial boiling point and boiling

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Eva	aporation rate	: Data not available	
Fla	mmability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Up	per explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lov	ver explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Va	oour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)	
Re	ative vapour density	: > 1 estimated value(s)	
Re	ative density	: 0.936 (15 °C / 59 °F)	
De	nsity	: 936 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F)Method: Unspecified	
	ubility(ies) Nater solubility	: negligible	
	Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
	rtition coefficient: n- anol/water	: log Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar products)	
Au	o-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F	
De	composition temperature	: Data not available	
	cosity /iscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
v	/iscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable	
Ex	plosive properties	: Not classified	
Ox	idizing properties	: Data not available	
Co	nductivity	: This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.	

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

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Condi	itions to avoid	: Extremes of ter	nperature and direct sunlight.
Incom	patible materials	: Strong oxidising	g agents.
Hazaı produ	rdous decomposition cts	: No decomposit	ion if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,
		the data presented is representative of the product as a
		whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	 LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	 LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Produ	a cell mutagenicity u <u>ct:</u> toxicity in vivo	: Remarks: Non Based on avail	mutagenic able data, the classification criteria are not met
<u>Produ</u> Rema	arks: Not a carcinogen		
Rema painti Highly	arks: Product contains ng studies.		are not met. hown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skin- rcinogenic by the International Agency for Re-
IARC	;		this product present at levels greater than or lentified as probable, possible or confirmed n by IARC.
OSH	A		this product present at levels greater than or n OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP			this product present at levels greater than or lentified as a known or anticipated carcinogen
Repro	oductive toxicity		
<u>Produ</u> Effect	u <u>ct:</u> is on fertility	Does not impai	a developmental toxicant. r fertility. able data, the classification criteria are not met
STOT	- single exposure		
Produ	<mark>uct:</mark> arks: Based on availab		

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

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Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal.

ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity		
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
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Pers	Persistence and degradability				
Prod	Product:				
Biod	egradability	Major co	: Remarks: Not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.		
Bioa	ccumulative potentia				
Prod	luct:				
Bioa	ccumulation	: Remarks cumulate	s: Contains components with the potential to bioac- e.		
	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water		log Pow: > 6 Remarks: (based on information on similar products)		
Mob	ility in soil				
Prod	luct:				
Mobi	Mobility		 Remarks: Semi-solid under most environmental conditions. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. 		
		Remark	s: Floats on water.		
Othe	er adverse effects				
Prod	luct:				
Addit matio	tional ecological infor- on	ozone c Product be relea	t have ozone depletion potential, photochemical reation potential or global warming potential. is a mixture of non-volatile components, which will not sed to air in any significant quantities under normal ns of use.		
			oluble mixture. physical fouling of aquatic organisms.		
			oil does not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- concentrations less than 1 mg/l.		

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water

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		courses		
		Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.		
Contaminated packaging		: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.		
Local legislation Remarks		•	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.	

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

TDG Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

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The c EINEC TSCA DSL	CS	•	

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship: REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. Revision Date : 2020-03-20

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific

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material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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